# (HW) HOBBYINING®

**USER MANUAL** PLATINUM Brushless Electronic Speed Contr

HV 130A V4 / HV 130A OPTO V4

Thank you for purchasing this product! Brushless power systems can be very dangerous. Any improper use may cause personal injury and damage to the product and related devices. We strongly recommend reading through this user manual before use. Because we have no control over the use, installation, or maintenance of this product, no liability may be assumed for any damages or losses resulting from the use of the product. We do not assume responsibility for any losses caused by unauthorized modifications to our product. Besides, we have the right to modify our product design, appearance, features and usage requirements without notification. We, HOBBYWING, are only responsible for our product cost and nothing else as result of using our product.

# 01 Warnings

- · Read through the manuals of all power devices and aircraft and ensure the power configuration is rational before using this unit. • Ensure all wires and connections are well insulated before connecting the ESC to related devices, as
- short circuit will damage your ESC.
- Ensure all devices are well connected, in order to prevent poor connections that may cause your aircraft to lose control or other unpredictable issues like damage to the device. Please use a soldering iron with the power of at least 60W to solder all input/output wires and connectors.
  Never get the motor locked up during high-speed rotation, otherwise the ESC may get destroyed
- and may also get your motor damaged. (Note: move the throttle stick to the bottom position or disconnect the battery immediately if the motor really gets locked up.) • Never use this unit in the extremely hot weather or continue to use it when it gets really hot
- Because high temperature will activate the ESC thermal protection or even damage your ESC. Always disconnect and remove batteries after use, as the ESC will continue to consume current if it's
- still connected to batteries. Long-time contact will cause batteries to completely discharge and result in damage to batteries or/and ESC. This will not be covered under warranty.

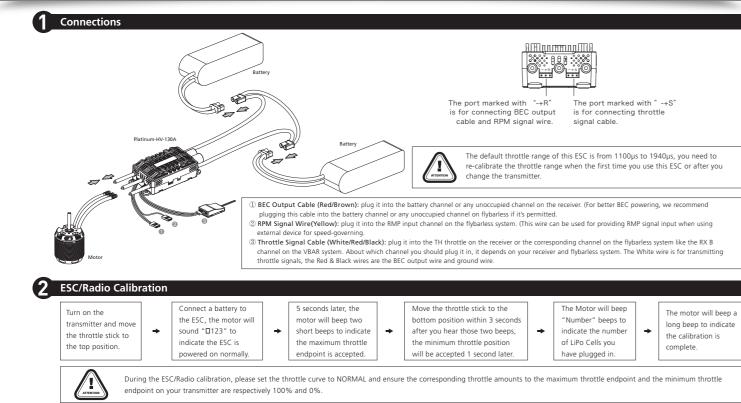
### **JZ** Features

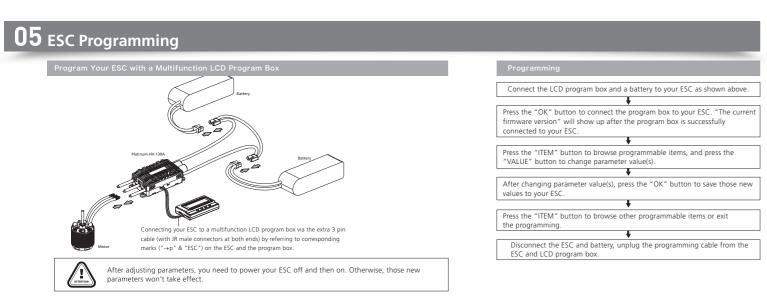
- High performance microprocessor for excellent motor speed-governing and super soft start-up.
- Microprocessor powered by independent DC regulator has better anti-interference performance, which greatly reduces the risk of losing control
- DEO (Driving Efficiency Optimization) Technology adopted greatly improves throttle response & driving efficiency, reduces ESC temperature.
   New switch-mode BEC with adjustable output voltage ranges from 5V to 8V and continuous/peak current of 10A/25A.
- BEC is separated from other circuits of the ESC, it will keep its normal output when the MOSFET board of the ESC is burnt
- Multiple flight modes: Fixed-wing, Helicopter (Linear Throttle), Helicopter (Elf Governor), Helicopter (Store Governor)
- New governor program with adjustable governor parameter P/I brings excellent speed-governing effect, guarantees the stability of the propeller's revs when the load changes dramatically. Data logging records the standardized RPM, minimum voltage and maximum temperature of the flight.
- "Restart in auto rotation" can manually interrupt the auto rotation and guickly restart the motor to avoid crashes caused by incorrect operations
- Independent output port for RPM (that is: motor speed) signals.
- · Separate programming port for ESC programming or parameter setting
- WIFI module (sold separately) for programming the ESC wirelessly with your smart phone (IOS or Android).
- Online data checking, ESC programming, firmware upgrade (Multifunction LCD program box or WIFI Express is needed) supported.
   Multiple protections like start-up protection, ESC thermal protection, capacitor thermal protection, over-current protection, overload protection, and throttle signal loss protection

## **03** Specifications

Model	Platinum HV 130A V4	Platinum HV 130A V4 OPTO
Applications	550-700 Class Helicopters (Propeller: 550-690mm)	
Input Voltage	6-145 LiPo	
Cont./Peak Current (10s)	130A/160A	
BEC Output	Switch-mode, 5V-8V Adjustable (Step:0.1V), 10A/25A Cont./Peak	No BEC
Throttle Signal/BEC Output/RPM Signal Transmission Wires	White Throttle Signal Wire/Red & Black BEC Output Wires/Yellow RPM Signal Transmission Wire	
Size/Weight	101x45.5x27mm / 168.5g	101x45.5x27mm / 153.5g
Separate Programming Port	For connecting Multifunction LCD Program Box/WIFI module or fan	

## **04** User Guide





#### **U6** Programmable Items Programmable Item List of Platinum 60A V4 ESC. ("\*" in the form below indicate factory defaults. )

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1. Flight Mode	Fixed-wing	Helicopter (Linear Throttle)	* Helicopter (Elf Governor)	Helicopt (Store Gove
2. LiPo Cells	*Auto Calculation	6-14S		
3. Voltage Cutoff Type	*Soft Cutoff	Hard Cutoff		
4. Cutoff Voltage	Disabled	2.8V-3.8V (Default 3.0V)		
5. BEC Voltage	5V-8V (Default 6V)			
6. Start-up Time	4s-25s (Default 15s)			
7. Governor Parameter P	0-9 (Default 4)			
8. Governor Parameter I	0-9 (Default 5)			
9. Auto Restart Time	Os-90s (Default 25s)			
10. Restart Acceleration Time	1s-3s (Default 1.5s)			
11. Brake Type	*Disabled	Normal	Proportional	Reverse
12. Brake Force	0-100% (Default 0%)			
13. Timing	0°-30° (Default 15°)			
14. Motor Rotation	*CW	CCW		
15. Freewheeling	*Enabled	Disabled		

soft start-up process, the RPM standardization completes when the soft start-up ends, and the ESC makes the motor enter the speed-governing state. In "Helicopter (Store Governor)" mode, if user wants to re-standardize the speed, he needs to set the flight mode to "Helicopter (Elf Governor)" and save this mode first, and then reset the flight mode back to "Helicopter (Store Governor)", then the ESC will re-standardize the motor speed when the motor rotates for the first time after the ESC is powered off and then on again. II. For ensuring the speed-governing effect, we recommend setting the throttle amount to 85% or below in both speed-governing modes (Helicopter (Store Governor) & Helicopter (Elf Governor)), so there will be

- 85%. (Note: You need to re-standardize the RPM after replacing the motor, blades, body frame or adjusting the gear ratio.) III. In "Helicopter (Store Governor)" mode, if you fly your aircraft with another pack that has poor discharge capability after the RPM standardization (with a pack which has good discharge capability), the pack has
- IV. In "Helicopter (Store Governor)" mode, different battery packs can bring the same stable RPM only if they have the same cell count. This won't change even when you change the battery pack. However, battery
- run at the same RPM. V. User can decide the control feel via adjusting Governor Parameter P/I. In "Helicopter (Store Governor) or Helicopter (Elf Governor)" mode, connect your ESC to a smart phone or PC, then you can check the throttle
- s speed chart 2. LiPo Cells: The ESC will automatically calculate the number of LiPo cells you have plugged in as per the "3.7V/Cell" rule if "Auto Calc." is selected. Or user can set this item manually.
- 3. Voltage Cutoff Type: The ESC will gradually reduce the output to 50% of the full power in 3 seconds after the voltage cutoff protection is activated, if soft mode is selected. It will immediately cut off all the output when hard mode is selected. 4. Cutoff Voltage: 2.8V-3.8V (custom), 3.0V (default).
- 5. BEC Voltage: 5-8V (adjustable), 0.1V (step), 6V (default).
   6. Start-up Time: 4-25s (adjustable), 1s (step), 15s (default). (Note: It only functions in Helicopter (Store Governor) and Helicopter (Elf Governor)) 7. Governor Parameter P: Control the ESC maintaining the stability of the current motor speed. too much. If select a very small value, then the supplement may not sufficient
- 9. Auto Restart Time:
- eriod, the ESC will enter the soft start-up process. (Note: This function won't effect unless the throttle amount is over 25% and it only effects in "Helicopter (Store Governor) and Helicopter (Elf Gov 10. Restart Acceleration Time: 1-3s (adjustable), 0.5s (step), 1.5s (default), This item controls the time the motor will cost to restart and accelerate to the full speed. (This function only effects in "Helicopter Governor Elf/Store" mode)
- 11. Brake Type: 11.1 Proportional Brake: when the throttle range on the transmitter is between 20% and 100%. the corresponding ESC throttle output is between 0% and 100%. When the throttle range on the transmitter is
- length is above 20% signal length, the Reverse mode will be activated. The reverse signal length must be below 20% signal length when the ESC is powered on for the first time. When the reverse signal length is below 20% signal length, 0-100% throttle corresponds to "CCW"; when the reverse signal length is above 20% signal length, the motor will stop spinning CW (and then spin CCW); at this time, 0-100% throttle corresponds to "CCW"
- Any signal loss will activate the throttle signal loss protection, no matter it happens to the RPM signal wire or the throttle signal cable during the flight 12. Brake Force: 0-100% (adjustable), 1% (step), 0 (default). (Note: this function only effects in "Normal Brake" mode.)
- 13. Timing: 0-30° (adjustable), 1° (step), 15° (default).
- . Motor Rotation: CW/CCW. User can adjust this item via a multifunction LCD program box. ter (Store Governor) and Helicopter (Elf Governor)" mode. This function can brings better throttle linearity.

# 07 Data Checking

#### The ESC will record the standardized RPM, minimum voltage, maximum current and maximum temperatures of the flight but won't save these data, so you need to keep the ESC on if you want to check the information of the flight.

- Connect the LCD Press the "OK" button to connect the program Press the "R/P program box and a box to your ESC. "The current firmware outton to browse a battery to your ESC version" will show up after the program box is relates to the ESC successfully connected to your ESC as shown above. **08** Normal Start-up Process After connected to a battery, the ESC will emit "123" indicating it's normally powered on. Turn on the transmitter, and then move the throttle stick to the bottom positio 09 Explanations for Warning Tones . Input voltage is abnormal: The warning tone won't stop until the voltage turns normal 2. Throttle signal loss protection is activated: The motor will beep "B-, B-, B-" (the interval between two B-s is 2 seconds) when the ESC doesn't detect any throttle signal.
  - 3. Throttle stick is not at the bottom position: The motor will beep "B-B-B-B-" when the throttle stick is not moved to the bottom position 4. Throttle range is to narr
  - available on the transmitter.) The warning tone indicates the throttle range you set is void and you need to set it again

## **10** Explanations for Multiple Protections

#### Start-up Protection

- connection/ disconnection between the ESC and motor wires, propellers are blocked, etc.) 2. ESC Thermal Protection
- The ESC will gradually reduce the output but won't cut it off completely when the ESC temperature goes above 110 °C. For ensuring the motor can still get some power and won't cause crashes, so the maximum Otherwise, it cannot be started up. (Here we are describing the ESC's reaction in soft cutoff mode, while if in hard cutoff mode; it will immediately cut off the power.) 3. Capacitor Thermal Protection:
- The ESC will activate this protection when the operating temperature of capacitors goes over 130 C. It protects capacitors in the same way as the ESC thermal protection does to the ESC . Throttle Signal Loss Protection:
- he ESC will resume the corresponding output after normal signals are received. 5. Overload Protection
- The ESC will cut off the power/output or automatically restart itself when the load suddenly increases to a very high value. (Possible cause to sudden load increase is that propellers are blocked.) 6. Over-current Protection The ESC will cut off the power when the current gets close to the short circuit current (of 400A). This protection may be activated by the burnt motor or some others

## **11** Different Troubles & Status LEDs

Trouble	Possible Cause
Throttle Signal Loss	No throttle signal is received for over 0.25s.
Abnormal Input Voltage	The input voltage is not within 22.2-51.8V(or 6-14S)
Thermal shutdown is activated	The ESC temperature goes above 110 C
LVC protection is activated	The battery voltage goes below the cutoff voltage
Over-current protection is activated	The peak current goes above 400A

	1. Flight Mode:
4	1.1 In "Fixed-wing" mode, the motor will start up when the throttle amount reaches 5% or above. There is no soft start-up, the motor responds to the throttle increase rapidly.
copter Governor)	1.2 In "Helicopter (Linear Throttle)" mode, the motor will start up when the throttle amount reaches 5% and it will start up in a soft way with the throttle (from 0 to 100%) acceleration time is fixed to 3.5 seconds. It will accelerate to the RPM corresponds to the specific throttle amount at the fixed rate.
	1.3 In "Helicopter (Elf Governor)" mode, the motor will start up when the throttle amount reaches 40% or above. And it will complete the speed standardization and enter the speed-governing operation in the preset start-up time (4~25s). In this mode, the motor will standardize its speed every time it starts up. Due to different discharge rates/capabilities of different batteries, the RPM you standardize each time may be a little different. In consequence, at the same throttle
	amount, the RPM may be a bit different when using different batteries, but this won't affect the speed-governing effect.
	1.4 In "Helicopter (Store Governor)" mode, the motor will start up when the throttle amount reaches 40% or above. It will also start up in a very soft way. And it will also complete the speed standardization and enter the speed-governing operation in the preset start-up time.
verse	performing RPM standardization for the first time, we recommend using a fully-charged battery with good discharge capability. After the RPM standardization, change another battery to fly your aircraft. At the same throttle amount, the RPM should be the same as the RPM of the first flight. For consistent control feel, we recommend using this mode.
	I. The motor will enter the soft start-up when user switches the throttle amount from 0 to 40% or
verse	In this mode, the motor will only standardize its speed the first time when it starts up. When performing RPM standardization for the first time, we recommend using a fully-charged battery with good discharge capability. After the RPM standardization, change another battery to fly your aircraft. At the same throttle amount, the RPM should be the same as the RPM of the first flight. For consistent control feel, we recommend using this mode. About RPM Standardization & Others

sufficient compensating room to maintain the consistency of the RPM. We recommend replacing the motor or adjusting the gear ratio if the expected RPM still cannot be reached when the throttle amount exceeds

packs with different cell count don't have the same effect. For instance, in "Helicopter (Store Governor)" mode, you can not use a 4S to calibrate the motor RPM and then use a 6S to drive the motor, hoping it can

8. Governor Parameter I: Control the dynamic response. To be specific, control the supplement extent when the actual motor speed is below expectation. If you choose a very big value, then the supplement may be

the ESC will cut off its output when the throttle amount is between 25% and 40%. If you increase the throttle amount to above 40% within preset time period (0-90s), the motor will rapidly start up and accelerate to the speed (in the programmed Restart Acceleration Time) corresponds to the specific throttle amount, complete the shutdown and restart up. If you move the throttle stick to over 40% beyond the preset time

between 20% and 0%, the corresponding brake force is between 0 and 100%. **11.2 Reverse:** after selecting this option, the RPM signal wire will turn into a reverse signal wire (the signal range is in line with the throttle range). After setting a channel on the transmitter, when the reverse signal

15. DEO (Freewheel): User can decide this function "Enabled" or "Disabled" in "Fixed Wing" mode or in "Helicopter (Linear Throttle)" mode. This item has been preset to "Enabled" and cannot be adjusted in

1. you can only check the standardized RPM in "Heli Store Governor" mode, the record won't disappear after you turn off the ESC. The record won't disappear after you turn off the ESC. The recorded revs are electric revs. If the electric RPM is R, the actual rev of the main blades =R ÷ Motor Poles ÷ 2 ÷ Gear Ratio × Throttle Amount (%). The motor emits a long beep indicating the ESC is ready to go The motor will emit several beeps to ndicate the number of LiPo cells

The ESC will measure the input voltage the moment when it's powered on. The motor will keep beeping "BB, BB, BB" (the interval between two BBs is 1 second) when the input voltage is beyond the normal range.

The motor will beep "B-B-B-B-B-" when the throttle range you set is too narrow (when designing this ESC, it requires that the entire throttle range you set cannot be less than 50% of the whole throttle range

The ESC will monitor the motor speed during the start-up process. When the speed stops increasing or the speed increase is not stable, the ESC will take it as a start-up failure. At that time, if the throttle amount is less than 15%, the ESC will automatically try to restart up; if it is larger than 15%, you need to move the throttle stick to back the bottom position and then restart up the ESC. (Possible causes of this problem: poor

reduction is about 50% of the full power. The ESC will gradually resume its maximum power after the temperature lowers down. In addition, the ESC temperature cannot exceed 70 C when it's powered on.

When the ESC detects loss of signal for over 0.25 second, it will cut off the output immediately to avoid an even greater loss which may be caused by the continuous high-speed rotation of propellers or rotor blades

LED Status Red LED blinks 1 blink that repeats. Red LED blinks 4 blinks that repeat. Blue LED blinks 1 blink that repeat Blue LED blinks 4 blinks that repeat. Red LED turns solid.

During the normal operation, the Blue LED on the ESC will turn solid after the start-up completes. The Red LED will come on at full throttle and dies out at partial throttle